

LiAir H800 UAV LiDAR System User Guide

GreenValley International Inc.

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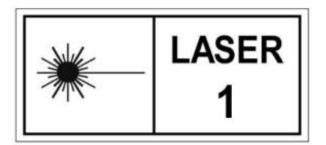
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1 User Instructions

USafety Precautions

LiAir H800 system use Class 1 (IEC60825-1:2014) eye-safe laser sensors. If you
have any concerns, please contact GVI for details.



- 2. Please read this manual carefully before operating the system, and the system operator must be at least 18 years old.
- Please stop using the system if you hear noticeable noises, warnings, or while the device is damaged. Contact the manufacturer's technicians for maintenance in time. Forcible use may cause permanent damage to the system.
- 4. Strictly follow the tutorials, advises, warnings, and other cautions included in this user guide as well as other documents provided by GVI.
- 5. Do NOT use any power supply outside the specified voltage range (12~24V, 1A@24VDC). Incorrect voltage supply may cause permanent damages to the integrated instruments and other hazards. Damage caused by the use of an unauthorized power supply are not covered by the Product Warranty.
- 6. Keep the power, USB, network and other connector ports clean and dry, and do not insert other objects other than the connector.
- Tampering with the product is strictly prohibited and will void the Product Warranty. Any repair, modification, or upgrade must be performed by GVI technician or authorized service provider.
- 8. This product is a high-precision mapping and surveying instrument that must be

handled with care. This product should by stored and transported in the protective case provided with the LiAir H800 at the time of purchase or in a productive case authorized for use by GVI.

- When not in use, store LiAir H800 system and accessories in a cool and dry environment. Make sure the device is powered off when performing maintenance and cleaning.
- The working temperature of this equipment is -20 °C ~50 °C. Below/exceed this temperature range, it may cause wrong measurement results, data loss or equipment damage.
- 11. Before using the equipment, please ensure that the operating environment is far away from the source of electromagnetic interference.
- 12. There are corresponding specifications for battery use and storage. Please refer to the lithium battery use/storage specifications for details.
- After the equipment is scrapped, please do not throw it directly into the trash can. It can be sent back to the manufacturer, and the manufacturer will handle it on your behalf.

GreenValley International Inc. reserve the right to explain the above terms.

GreenValley International Inc.

November 2, 2023

2 Product Introduction

LiAir H800 is a next-generation medium-to-long-range UAV LiDAR system developed by GreenValley International. It integrates lightweight LiDAR, a self-developed inertial navigation system, and a built-in high-resolution mapping camera, combining the advantages of lightweight and long-range capabilities. With the support of flight control software GreenValley App and data processing software LiGeoreference, providing more efficient all-in-one solution tasks for power line inspection, forest monitoring, emergency disaster assessment, and more.



The LiAir H800 (shown above) mainly consists of three components: a LiDAR scanning system, an inertial navigation system, and a storage & control system.

The main components include:

- 1. The dynamic differential GNSS receiver for measuring the spatial position of the reference point for emitting the LiDAR signals.
- 2. Attitude measurement equipment for measuring the attitude parameters, namely inertial measurement unit (IMU).
- 3. Laser ranging equipment used to measure the distance between the laser signal emission reference point and the ground point, that is, the core part of the entire integrated system, the laser scanner.
- 4. The storage control system, which is used for data storage and device control,

receiving the signals transmitted from the ground to the airborne, and controlling the parameters adjustment, data acquisition and downloading.

5. Power supply and management unit.

Operating principle:

- 1. The system controls the device to collect data by receiving and executing commands sent by the hardware switch.
- 2. In the flight process, the system carries out the fusion and solution of the inertial navigation and laser data in real time. Powerlines and towers are recognized and extracted through AI algorithms. The drone is controlled to adjust its position and attitude in real time to track cables, turn over the towers, and take pictures of the towers or powerlines.
- 3. Then the raw data collected are stored in the TF card and copied to the local computer for processing after the collection is completed.
- 4. Finally, the LiGeoreference software is used to combine and georeference the position and angle information under the coordinate system of the LiDAR system with the POS data to obtain accurate geographic coordinates.

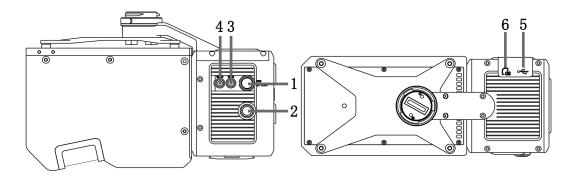
2.1 Technical Specifications

Weight	2.25kg
	350 m (reflectivity ≥10%)
Scan Range (Sunny, Outdoor @100 klx)	790 m (reflectivity ≥50%)
	1000 m (reflectivity ≥80%)
Field of view	100°
Number of Returns	Unlimited waveform returns

LiAir H800 System Parameters

Data Frequency	100~1000KHZ	
Camera pixels	26MP	
POS Attitude Accuracy (post-processing)	0.006°	
POS Azimuth Accuracy (post-processing)	0.019°	
Size	249×102×163.3mm	
Voltage	18~24V, 2.52A@24VDC	
Power Consumption	≤61W	
Operating Temperature	-20~50°C	
Storage Temperature	-30~60°C	
Protection Class	IP54	
UAV Model	M300/M350 RTK	
Display console	GreenValley Flight Assistant	
Data Georeferencing Software	LiGeoreference point cloud data solution software	

2.2 Product Structure



- 1— Power Port (PWR): Connect the power cable to power up the system or connect the OSDK communication cable to communicate with the airplane.
- 2—Switch button (ON/OFF) and indicator: The button shared for power-on and project creation and display the working status of the device.
- 3—GNSS1: First(Main) antenna port.
- 4—GNSS2: Second antenna port.
- 5—USB-C port: For the communication between the computer and the device for firmware upgrade and data download.
- 6— Memory card slot: With a built-in 256G TF card for data storage.

Meaning of status indicator status:

LED	Color/Status	Description
	Flashing Red (Four Times a Second)	System is powered on and initializing
	Solid Green	System initialization completed
	Flashing Green	The project has been created, the inertial navigation
	(Once per second)	data is being recorded, and the system is working
ON/OFF		normally
	Flashing Red	The project has been created, the inertial navigation
	(Once per Second)	data is being recorded, and the system is working
		abnormally
	Solid Red	The system status is abnormal, the reasons include:
		1. TF card space is less than 15G
		2. M300 RTK aircraft PSDK or OSDK module is
		not activated

3. IMU misalignment
4. Camera self-test fails
5. The laser scanner is not synchronized

2.3 System Compositions

2.3.1 Laser Scanner

The laser scanner is the core of the system. The LiDAR uses the laser as the emitting light source and the photoelectric detection sensor as the receiving element. According to the principle of laser ranging, the distance and angle are measured and recorded, so as to determine the azimuth information of the measured object.

The transmitter in the LiDAR emits a beam of ultra-short light pulses on the object and diffusely reflects back to the receiver. The speed of light is known, and the distance from the target object to the sensor is calculated by the flight time of the laser beam in the air.

Transmitter	The surface of object
Receiver <	
l<	$\longrightarrow \Delta t$

LiDAR ranging equation:

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \times c \times \Delta t$$

Where: S is the distance from the sensor to the target; c is the light speed; and $\triangle t$ is the round-trip time of the laser beam.

The LiAir H800 product integrates a domestic laser with a field of view (FOV) of 100°.

Laser Scanner Parameters

Scanning Principle	Rotating Motor
Number of Channels	3
	$350 \text{ m} (\text{reflectivity } \ge 10\%)$
Scan Range	790 m (reflectivity \geq 50%)
	1000 m (reflectivity $\geq 80\%$)
Measuring Frequency	100~1000KHZ
Scanning Speed	210 lines per second
Field of View	100°
Vertical Angle Resolution	0.001°
Laser Class	Class 1 Eye Safe
Number of Echoes	Unlimited waveform returns
Measurement Accuracy	5mm@100m

Note: The laser sensor cannot be directly irradiated with strong laser light (including two sensors facing the light), so as to avoid high-intensity laser damage to the receiving sensor.

2.3.2 Integrated Navigation System

The airborne Position Orientation System (POS) is an inertial measurement unit (IMU) and Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS). POS systems are used to accurately determine system velocity, position, and attitude values at specific moments in time.

1. Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS)

Global navigation satellite system, or (GNSS) on LiAir H800 supports, mainly includes GPS, GPS (the U.S.), Galileo satellite navigation system (Europe), BeiDou

Navigation Satellite System (China), and GLONASS (Russia). The GNSS of LiAir H800 includes the aviation GNSS antenna and the base station antenna.

2. Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU)

Inertia measurement unit, or IMU, consists of a high-accuracy three-axis gyroscope and a high-accuracy three-axis accelerometer. It is the benchmark center of the LiDAR system. Its role is to get the position and orientation information without external reference data.

The LiAir H800 integrates a 3-axis MEMS (Micro-Electro-Mechanical System) gyroscope, 3-axis MEMS accelerometer and dual GNSS/BD receivers into one system, the POS system. Together the POS system components gather multi-reference parameters that provide accurate, effective and reliable by optimization algorithm of integrated navigation system.

3. Inertial Navigation Accuracy

System Accuracy	Azimuth	0.019°(1σ)
(post-processing)	Attitude	0.006°(1σ)
Data Frequency	1000 Hz	

2.3.3 Storage and Control Unit

Main functions:

- 1. To receive control information from ground station and accurately send the commands to the corresponding sensors.
- 2. To control and coordinate the normal operation of all sensors.
- 3. LiDAR data, inertial navigation data, photos and Log information are stored in the system's memory card.

2.3.4 Camera

Sensor	APS-C
Lens	16 mm fixed-focus length lens
Effective pixels	26 MP
Pixel size	3.76 um
Image size	6252*4168
DFOV	83°

This product has a built-in digital camera independently developed by GreenValley APP. The main parameters of the built-in camera are listed below:

2.3.5 GNSS ground station

The GNSS ground (base) station is mainly used to observe the same point for a long time to reach a high single-point accuracy as a differential reference for the UAV mobile station. A GPS ground station is composed of a GPS antenna, a GPS receiver and a power supply.

3 Package List



①LiAir H800 LiDAR System × 1 ② USB cable × 1 ③ OSDK communication cable × 1 (M350/M300) ④ GNSS antenna assembly × 1 ⑤ GNSS antenna × 2
⑥ 256G TF card × 1 ⑦ Card reader × 1 ⑧ USB flash drive × 1 ⑨ Tool × 1

(1) Document $\times 1$

Note: The M350 and M300 aircraft are equipped with different OSDK communication lines, the actual package list may vary depending on delivery.

4 Data Acquisition

4.1 Base Station Setup

1. Select an open area for positioning

Place the GNSS antenna at an open area in order to ensure the antenna can get access to the GNSS satellites as many as possible. Apart from this, the placement spot of the GNSS antenna should be stable and far away from the electromagnetic interference.

• Open areas refer to those places which are not covered by high objects. The maximum elevation mask angle of surrounding objects should be less than 15°.

• The source of strong electromagnetic interference might be cellular base station, high voltage transmission lines, or objects with high reflectance (e.g., mirror, large water body) which may cause the multipath propagation.

2. Set up base station

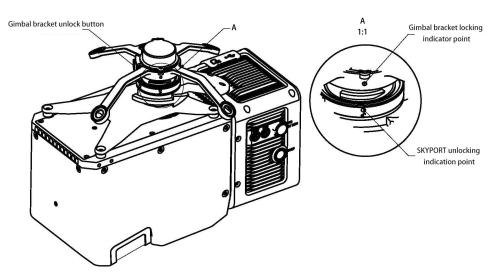
Set up the base station on the selected base station point. For surveying and mapping projects or other projects with high precision requirements, a tripod should be erected in accordance with specifications, and the base station should be erected on the tripod.

Please refer to the LiBase user manual for more specific operation process.

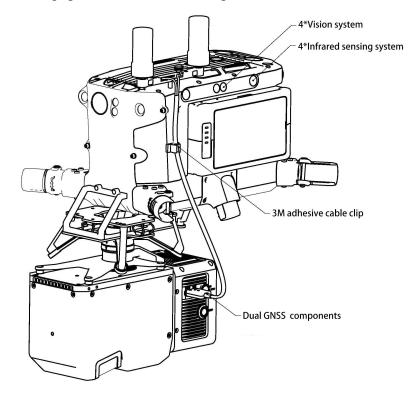
Note: The base station needs to start collecting data 15 minutes before the flight operation, and stop collecting data 15 minutes after the operation ends.

4.2 Equipment Installation

1. Mount the device to the M300/M350 UAV after checking that the shock absorbing ball is not broken.



2. Install the GNSS antenna assembly with GNSS1 connected to the rear antenna and GNSS2 to the front antenna. (The flight direction is specified as Forward). Connect the equipment to the drone using the OSDK communication cable.



- 3. Confirm that the TF card has sufficient free space, insert it into the device, and remove the laser and camera protection covers.
- 4. Turn on the remote controller and power on the UAV.
- 5. Press and hold the ON/OFF button of the device for more than 3 seconds to turn it on.

Check the indicator status: flashing red quickly indicates the system powered on and initializing; and solid green indicates the system initialization has been completed and the device works normally. Please refer to <u>Descriptions of System</u> Indicators for more specific descriptions of indicators.

4.3 Parameter Settings

LiAir H800 will remember the parameters last set and you can skip this step if no modification is required. The LiAir H800 collection parameters mainly include laser parameters, camera parameters, and automated powerline parameters. The parameters can be modified by logging to the Web interface or using the GreenValley flight assistant.

- 1. Setting method
- (1) Login Web Page
- a) Establish the communication between the device and a computer or smart phone via WiFi network. After the device is powered on, search for the wireless network with the name LiAir_XXXXX, click "Connect" and enter the password 666666666.

1	LiAir ***** Safe	
	N	
	Please input the wireless int	ernet connection password

b) Enter http://192.168.1.88 in browser to open the LiAir H800 Web Configuration page (username: root; password: 888888). Click "System Settings" to set the device parameters.

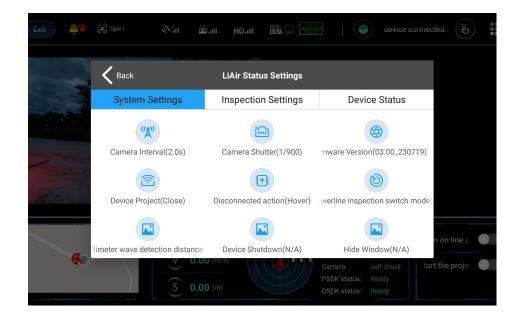
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Note: we recommend to use Google Chrome or IE11.

(2) GreenValley APP Settings

Start the GreenValley software. Click the Route Flight. The route flight interface is

displayed. Click the setting button in the upper right corner to set the equipment parameters.



2. Set parameters

This manual only describes the main parameters. For the detailed information of parameters, refer to the LiAcquire-Web manual.

a) Control modes

This section can be used to configure laser and camera data acquisition modes. LiAir H800 has the following control modes available for data acquisition:

Flight mode: This mode is the ex-factory default setting. In this mode, when the device is stationary on the ground, the device does not collect LiDAR and camera data, and automatically starts LiDAR and camera data collection after the drone takes off into the air, and automatically stops LiDAR and camera data collection when the drone is landed.

Fast Mode: Click the power (ON/OFF) button, create new project, and synchronize the collection of both IMU data and LIDAR data simultaneously.

Manual mode: In this mode, the GreenValley software's automated powerline flight interface will display a control button. You can click this button to start/stop LiDAR and camera data acquisition.

Note: the Manual mode must be used with GreenValley APP, otherwise it will be impossible to activate the laser and camera data acquisition.

b) Camera modes

Camera On/Off: To enable or disable the camera.

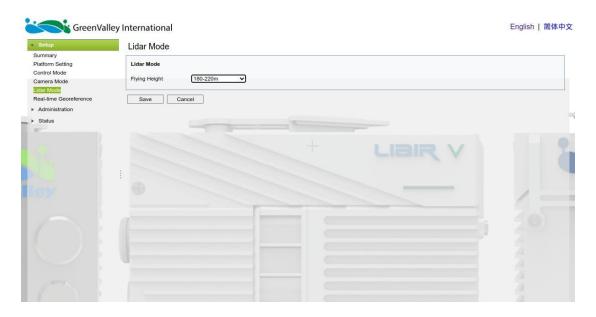
Trigger mode: Periodic mode, used to trigger the photo shooting at the preset fixed time interval (rang: 1-50s, 2s by default). Distance mode, used to trigger the photo shooting at the preset fixed interval of distance (10m by default).

Configuration: To set the interval of time or distance. This function is the same as the "Camera Interval" settings of GreenValley software.

Setup	Camera Mode		
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lar Mode al-time Georeference	Trigger Mode		
Administration Status	Period Mode Distance Mode		
	Configure Information		
	Camera: GV_PMA2616 Version: V1.01.049		
	Shutter: 1/900 V		
	MaxISO: 1600 V		
	Period: 2 (R	Range: 1 ~ 50s)	
	Save Cancel		405

c) Flight Altitude

This section can be used to configure the flight altitude of the laser. The system will adjust the laser energy and spot frequency based on the selected flight altitude. There are a total of nine flight altitudes to choose from.



4.4 Data Acquisition

- 1. Power on the drone, press and hold the ON/OFF button of the system for at least 3 seconds to turn it on, and wait for the indicator light to be solid green, which means the system is in a normal state.
- 2. Turn on the remote control, start the GreenValley software, and log in LiCloud account.
- 3. Click "Route Flight". The route flight interface is displayed.

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 Route Flight 2 Enter the Operation interface 	Autonomous Powerline Inspection Flight	Login licloud account zh Exit
		Matrice 300 RTK Connected

- 4. After the equipment indicator is normal, press the ON/OFF button for 0-2 seconds. The indicator will flash in green (1 time/second). The system creates a project and starts to record IMU data.
- 5. After the drone takes off, the laser and camera data automatically start to collect.
- 6. When the drone lands, the laser and camera data collection will be turned off automatically.
- 7. Press the ON/OFF button for 0~2 seconds to stop IMU data recording and shut down the project. The indicator is green.
- 8. Press the ON/OFF button for more than 3 seconds. The ON/OFF indicator is off and the system is powered off.
- 9. Power off the drone.

5 Data Download

5.1 H800 Data Download

All data of LiAir H800 will be stored in the TF card, including project files, camera images, LiDAR data, IMU data and log files. Insert the TF card into the computer and copy the project files to the computer (folders that are not suffixed with _NAV).

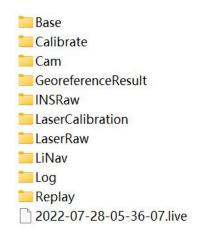
5.2 Base Station Data Download

Please refer to the LiBase user manual to download base station data.

6 Data Georeferencing

The data solution of the LiAir H800 uses the LiGeoreference software, including functions such as real-time IMU data solution, POS data solution and accuracy assessment, point cloud data solution, point cloud preliminary quality assessment, image preliminary quality assessment, three-dimensional display of point cloud data, survey, and basic analysis. For detailed functions, see the LiGeoreference User Manual. This chapter mainly introduces the process of using LiGeoreference software to solve LiAir H800 data.

6.1 Project Folder Structure



Project folder is named with UTC Time, including:

-Base folder is used to store the ground GPS base station data.

-Calibrate folder is used to store calibrated files (*.cal). Please notice that: do not remove or delete this folder, otherwise, the performance of georeferencing will fail.

-Cam folder is used to store camera images and the information of exposure time, location, and attitude angles of each image (.cam).

-GeoreferenceResult folder is used to store the post-processed point cloud data calculated by the LiGeoreference software.

-INSRaw folder is used to store the raw IMU data (*.rgps,*.rimu,*.rnav).

-LaserCalibration folder is used to store the calibrated file of LiDAR (*.csv) but only available to partial series like LiAir 200 and LiAir 220.

-LaserRaw folder is used to store the raw data of laser scanner's point cloud (*.vpts).

Note: *.vpts is the default format developed by GVI.

-LiNav folder is used to store the intermediate file when processing the data of integrated navigation system. What's more, the finial-georeferencing results of POS data is suitable to be stored as well.

-Log folder is used to store the log information of the project showing detailed operation process.

-Replay folder is used to store the replay file of recorded trajectory and point cloud data, but only available to the specified device which supports real time display.

-*.Live (project file) is used to record the information of project organization, configuration values, etc.

6.2 Opening Project

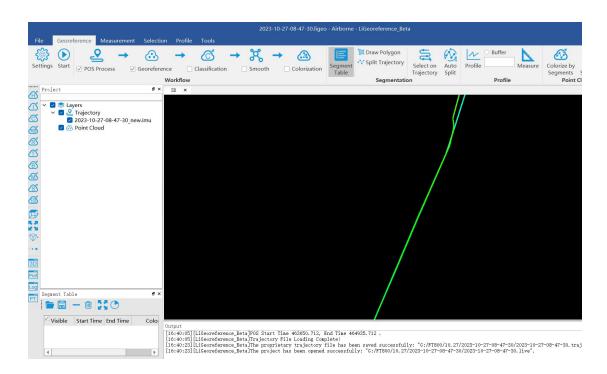
 Open LiGeoreference software, Click "File" icon on the toolbar to open LiGeoreference project file (.live) through "Browse" icon.

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2. Users can also open the project file via "Recent Projects" icon which refers to history project opened before.

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New	Open Project	
Open Close Batch Options Account Base Download About License Help U Exit	Recent Projects	Gr/FT800/10.27/2023-10-27-08-32-34/2023-10-27-08-32-34.ligeo Gr/S Gr/S3R/10.1/産/2023-11-02-07-24-27/2023-11-02-07-24-27.ligeo Gr/S3R/11.2/2023-11-02-07-24-27/2023-11-02-07-34-54.ligeo Gr/S3R/11.2/2023-11-02-07-34-54/2023-11-02-07-94-11.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.2/2023-10-26-07-33-55/2023-10-26-07-33-52.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.26/2023-10-26-07-34-52/2023-10-26-07-34-52.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.26/2023-10-26-07-34-52/2023-10-26-07-34-52.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.26/2023-10-26-07-34-52/2023-10-26-07-34-52.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.26/2023-10-26-07-34-52/2023-10-26-06-33-54.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.26/2023-10-26-08-33-54/2023-10-26-06-33-54.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.26/2023-10-26-08-09-41/2023-10-27-08-18-40.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.26/2023-10-22-08-18-40/2023-10-27-08-18-40.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2023-10-23-03-53-56/2023-10-23-03-53-56.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2023-10-23-03-53-56/2023-10-23-03-53-56.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2023-10-23-03-53-56/2023-10-23-03-25-03.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2023-10-23-03-53-50/2023-10-23-03-43-03.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2023-10-23-03-43-03/2023-10-23-03-43-03.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2023-10-23-03-34-00/2023-10-23-03-34-00.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2023-10-23-03-34-00/2023-10-23-03-34-03.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2023-10-23-03-34-00/2023-10-23-03-34-03.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2023-10-23-03-34-00/2023-10-22-03-33-44-03.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2±\mathfrac{M}{2}/2023-10-22-04-17-23/2023-10-22-04-17-23/2023-10-22-06-10-44.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2±\mathfrac{M}{2}/2023-10-22-04-17-23/2023-10-22-06-10-41.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.23/2±\mathfrac{M}{2}/2023-10-22-03-33-44-00/2023-10-22-03-33-44-00/2023-10-22-03-33-44-00/2023-10-22-06-50-31.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.22/\mathfrac{M}{2}/2023-10-22-04-17-23/2023-10-22-06-60-03.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.22/\mathfrac{M}{2}/2023-10-22-06-60-03.ligeo Gr/S3R/10.22/\math

3. After opening the project, the georeferencing tool will automatic import the IMU file.



6.3 Select and Configure Parameters

Before undertaking post-processing procedure, users can use the "Settings" function to set the calculation parameters, including laser settings, camera settings, POS process, target coordinate system, classification, and smooth settings. Normally, users only need to set POS process settings.

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6.3.1 POS Processing Settings

LiGeoreference software has POS calculation and point cloud calculation functions. Users could directly use LiGeoreference software to calculate LiAir H800's trajectory, or choose to use other third-party software to perform POS processing procedure.

1. Use LiGeoreference to Perform POS Processing.

Click the "POS Process" button in the setting interface.

(1) Select the LiNav processing mode.

laser Setting Came	era Setting	POS Process	Target Coordinate Syste	em Classific	ation Sm
Process Mode O External Input	[LiNav	O Pos	pac	
Baseline • INS/PPK(General)	Mode)		🔿 Multi Base Station	Mode	
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Original Observatio Base Station Data - FindMM • Nov Log File: C:/FT800/	Atel 🔿 RINE	X RTCM3	○ GVRTCM3 ○ RTK ase/20231027080331.log		S Time Cover
Original Observatio Base Station Data - O FindMM • Nov/ Log File: G:/FT800/	Atel ORINE (10.27/2023-10	X RTCM3	○ GVRTCM3 ○ RTK ase/20231027080331.log	Check GP	S Time Cover

(2) Select the processing mode according to the length of the trajectory. It is recommended to use the general mode. When the length of the trajectory is more than 10 km, the long baseline mode can be selected.

(3) Load rover station data, under normal circumstances, the software will automatically read the rover station data under the project folder.

(4) Select base station data.

Under normal circumstances, the software will automatically read the base station data in the project folder, or manually load the base station data.

If the format of the local base station is the Rinex format, select the Rinex option to

load the base station data.

○ FindMM ○ NovAtel ● RINEX ○ RTCM3 ○ GVRTCM3 ○ RTK	Check GPS Time Cove
Base(OBS):	
Base(NAV):	
Base(GNAV)-Optional:	
Base(CNAV)-Optional:	

If the local base station format is Log, select NovAtel.

🔘 FindMM	💿 No	vAtel	RINEX	○ RTCM3	⊖ GVRTCM3	🕕 RTK	Check	GPS Time Cove
Log File:	G:/FT80	0/10.27/2	023-10-27	-08-47-30/Bas	∍/202310270803	31.log		
	Mode:		Header	• Average	O Manual	1	0.0-1	from Favorites

If there is no base station data, you can select "GreenValley" to download the cloud trace base station data by logging in to the LiCloud account.

🖲 FindMM	🔿 NovAtel	O RINEX	○ RTCM3	O GVRTCM3	○ RTK	Check GPS Time Cov
√ Virtual ?	Base Station	Priority				
Note: If virtua		riority is checke		ure that the same	account is us	ed for downloading base

Note: When you select the "GreenValley", you need to make sure that your computer is connected to the Internet and you have enough vouchers in your LiCloud account.

(5) Enter the Base Station Coordinates.

- When there is no precise base station coordinate, users could select "Average" mode. And the positioning principle is single point positioning, which leads to meter-level errors between the point cloud coordinates calculated by this method and the true coordinates.
- When there are accurate base station coordinates, users could manually input the

base station coordinates. Additionally, users could use "Save to Favorites" function to save the entered base station coordinates, and later can directly use the saved base station coordinates through "Select from Favorites".

- Analyze from the data header: some base station files and base station coordinates are stored in the header file. "From Header" option needs to be clicked when users want to use this function. For example, Cloud Trajectory base station is normally stored in this mode.
- Select from favorites: Users could select the base station coordinates stored in the software.

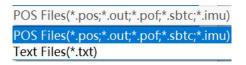
3/2022-06-0	07- <mark>0</mark> 7	-30-18/Ba	se/202206070420	028.log .		
e	01	Manual	• Sel	lect from Favo	rites	
dddddddd	<u>ل</u> ا	avorites				? ×
		Name	Latitude	Longitude	Height	Antenna Heigh
	1	1	35.000000	111.00000	98.5500	1.2500

2. Import External IMU or Existing POS Data

Select "External Input" under Process Mode to import pos data. See the figure below.

Process Mode			
• External Input	🔵 LiNav	O Pospac	
External			
POS File:			
Time Format			_
◯ GPS Time		• UTC Time	

The external input function supports importing the original IMU data and the processed POS data, and the specific format includes *.pos, *.out, *.pof, *.sbtc, *.imu. See the figure below.



6.3.2 Laser Scanner Settings

Normally, the user does not need to change the parameters of the laser setting interface. If users want to limit the output power range by reflectivity, distance and scanning angle, users could change the range via clicking "Filter" to set the parameters. For more details, please visit LiGeoreference users guide.

Laser Setting	Camera Setting	POS Process	Target Coordin	ate System	Classificat:	ion Sm
-						
Date(UTC):			e s ts		? ×	

6.3.3 Camera Settings

Normally, users do not need to change the parameters of the camera setting interface.

Uniform Color Function: sometimes the shooting is affected by the light and the uniform color function will make the light and dark more uniform, but will blur the color slightly.

aser Setting Camera Settin	g POS Process	Target Coordinate System	Classification	ı Sm
Cameras				
PMA2616: Camera 1				
Calibration				
Image Folder G:/FT800/10.	27/2023-10-27-08-4	.7-30/Cam/Images]
Camera Event:				
Uniform Color	log when camera ev	ent does not match the imag		
Uniform Color Always Show Image Match Dia	log when camera ev	ent does not match the imag		••••
Uniform Color Always Show Image Match Dia	log when camera ev	ent does not match the imag O UTC Time		
Uniform Color Always Show Image Match Dia Camera File Time Formate	log when camera ev			····

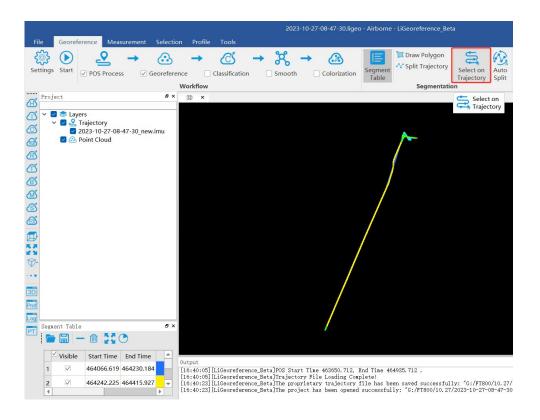
6.4 Georeferencing Point Cloud Data

1. Select Georeference Range

Users could select the range to be georeferenced as needed. And there are two modes

to be selected, including "trajectory selection" or "draw polygon". And this document only introduces the operation process of using the "trajectory selection" tool. The way of "drawing polygon" could be found in the user manual of LiGeoreference software.

(1) Click the "Select On Trajectory" button on the main interface of the software, and a table will automatically pop up at the same time, select the trajectory which needs to be georeferenced, and click OK.



(2) If needed to select multiple trajectories, then repeat the above operation, and the selected trajectory segments will be displayed in the cutting table at the lower left corner.

File Georeference Measurement	2023-10-27-08-47-30.ligeo - Airborne - LiGeoreference_Beta Selection Profile Tools
Statings Start ✓ POS Process ✓ Ge	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Project	ex 3D x
3	ē x
Segnent Table	
Visible Start Time End Time	
1 🗸 464066.619 464230.184	Output [16:40:05][LiCeoreference_Beta]POS Start Time 463650.712, End Time 464935.712.
2 464242.225 464415.927	[16:40:05][LiGeorefarence_Beta]Trajectory File Loading Complete] [16:40:23][LiGeorefarence_Beta]The proprietary trajectory file has been saved successfully: "G:/FT800/10.27/2023-10-27-08-47- [16:40:23][LiGeorefarence_Beta]The project has been opened successfully: "G:/FT800/10.27/2023-10-27-08-47-

2. Select processing module

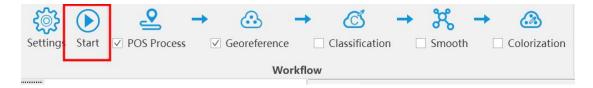
After opening the project, LiGeoreference will select "POS Process" and "Georeference" module by default. Users could check and re-choose the function modules as needed.

2	→	\odot	→	Ć	→	×	→	
POS Process	\checkmark	Georeference		Classification	[Smooth	E	Colorization
		Wo	r <mark>kflo</mark> w					

Note: If there is no image data, please do not choose "Colorization" module, otherwise the program will prompt an error.

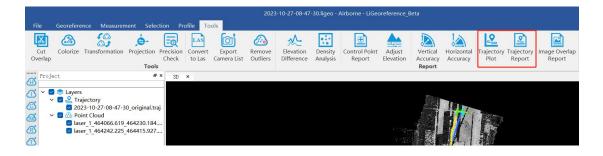
3. Data Georeferencing

Click "Start" button to start data calculation. After the calculation is completed, the point cloud is automatically displayed in the main window.



4. Data Quality Assessment Reports

If the user needs to view the "Trajectory Report" and the "Image Overlap Report", click the "Trajectory Plot" (or " Trajectory Report ") or "Image Overlap Report" (only suitable for devices with cameras) under the "Tools" bar.



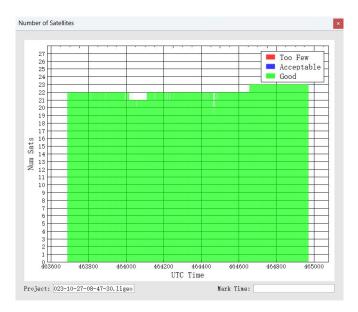
a) POS Track Report

There are 11 POS accuracy evaluation criteria included in the software. Usually, the number of satellites, data coverage, estimated attitude accuracy, estimated position accuracy and PDOP value are mainly checked during data quality inspection. Users can click the evaluation index of a certain plot, or directly click "Trajectory Report" to generate a complete track accuracy report.

		2023-10-27-08-47-30.ligeo - Airborne - LiGeorerence_Beta	1
Fil	e Georeference Measurement Selecti	ion Profile Tools	i i
Ove	Lut Colorize Transformation Projection P	recision Convert Export Remove Elevation Density Control Point Adjust Vertical Horizontal Trajectory Trajectory Image	e Overlap eport
	Project # ×	on •	
A A	✓ ✓ S Layers	🔞 🗈 🕒 Quality Report x +	- 0
ଷ	 Z Trajectory 2023-10-27-08-47-30 original.traj 	← C ① 文件 G;/FT800/10.27/2023-10-27-08-47-30/LiNav/POSProc/4642 3あ Q A ☆ 印 た G	~a
ک ا	 Opint Cloud laser_1_464066.619_464230.184 laser_1_464242.225_464415.927 	Quality Report	ireenValley International
ମ ଭ ଭ		Gener Project Name : G:/FT800/10.27/2023.10-27-08-47-30/2023-10-27-08-47-30.ligeo	ated in 2023.11.03
() () () () () () () () () () () () () (Segaent Table		
	1 464066.619 464230.184	Figure 1. Number of Satellites Bar Plot	
•••	Trajectory Plot 🔮 🗙	26	
3D Prof Log PT	 Trajectory Report Quality Control Number of Satellites Ploar/Fixed Ambiguity Status PDOP File Data Coverage Accuracy Estimated Attitude Accuracy Estimated Position Accuracy Estimated Position Accuracy Separation 	25	
	Position Separation Attitude Separation		

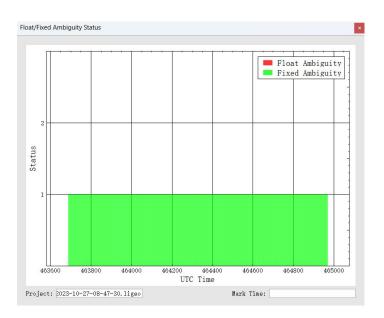
Satellites Number: Click to open the plot to show the relation between number of

satellites, which can be reached, and the GPS time. This tool is used to show the number of satellites can be reached by the device each time during the data acquisition. Satellites number is shown on the Y-axis. The green part on the plot means the number of satellites is good at that time. The blue part on the plot means the number of satellites is just acceptable at that time. While the red part means the satellite number is too few to meet the requirement. The insufficient GNSS signal will result in poor data quality. If the number of satellites can be reached by the device is too few during a period of data acquisition, user can select the time period and right-click on that. Then click "Go to Time" button to find out the corresponding period on the trajectory.

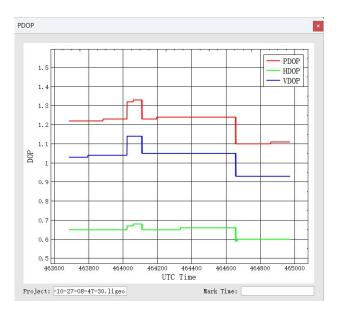


Floating/Fixed ambiguity status: Click to show the plot of ambiguity resolution status. This is used to show the situation of cycle ambiguity resolution. If the status is shown as green on the plot, it means the cycle ambiguity resolution is fixed. If it is red on the plot, it means the cycle ambiguity resolution is floating.

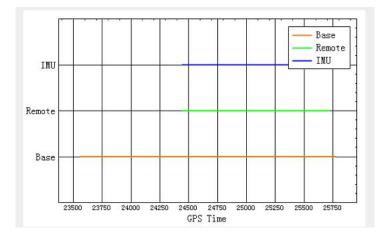
32



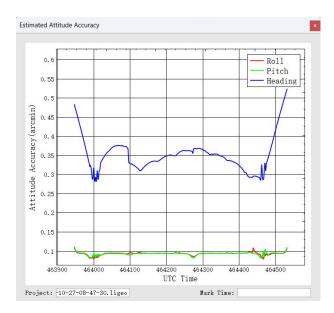
PDOP: Position dilution of precision, or PDOP, shows the distribution of the GNSS satellites. Click to show the plot of PDOP. The smaller PDOP is, the better the distribution is.



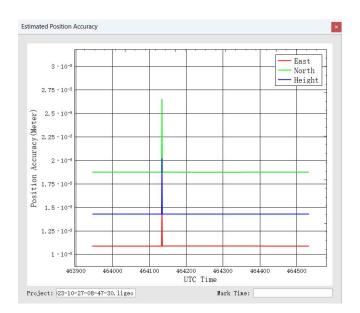
File Data Coverage: Click to show the plot of data coverage situation. This is used to show the data coverage relation among base station data, IMU data, and GNSS data of the moving device.



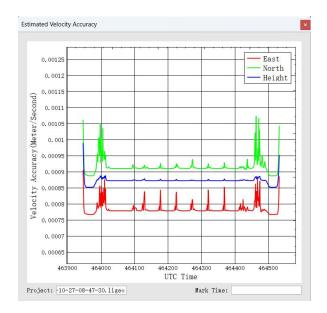
Estimated Attitude Accuracy: Click to show the plot of attitude accuracy. This plot is used to show that if the accuracy exceeds the limitation of the IMU accuracy. The X-axis shows the GPS time. The Y-axis shows the attitude accuracy. Red line is for changes in Roll direction. Green line shows the changes in Pitch direction. While the blue line shows the changes in the heading direction.



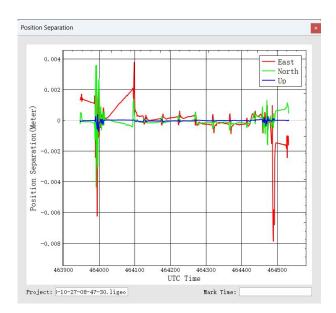
Estimated Position Accuracy: Click to plot the position accuracy. The X-axis shows the GPS time. The Y-axis shows the position accuracy. Red line is for position accuracy in East direction. Green line shows the position accuracy in North direction. While the blue line shows the position accuracy in height direction.



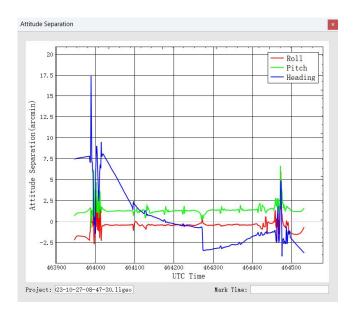
Estimated Velocity Accuracy: Click to plot the velocity accuracy. The X-axis shows the GPS time. The Y-axis shows the velocity accuracy. Red line is for velocity accuracy in East direction. Green line shows the velocity accuracy in North direction. While the blue line shows the position velocity in height direction.



Position Separation: Click to plot the position separation. This plot shows the differences of position in East, North, and Up directions during the forward-backward processing.

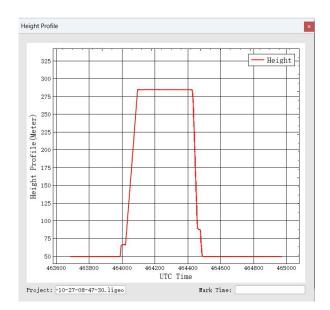


Attitude Separation: Click to show the plot of attitude separation. This plot is used to show the difference among the angles in Roll, Heading, and Pitch directions during the forward-backward processing. The smaller the value is, the better the matching degree of the forward-backward processing is.



Height Profile: This plot shows the changes in height during the data acquisition.

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Velocity Profile: This plot shows the changes in velocity during the data acquisition. Red line is for the changes in East direction. Green shows the changes in North direction. While the blue line shows the changes in up direction to the ground.



b) Image overlap report (for equipment containing cameras)

The image report lists a graph of image overlap. You can check whether there is the film drop.

Select	File Name			
\checkmark	laser_1_370625.765_370676.590_color.LiData			
\checkmark	laser_1_370685.000_370732.860_color.LiData			
\checkmark	laser_1_370741.415_370789.840_color.LiData			
\checkmark	laser_1_370808.315_370857.015_color.LiData			
\checkmark	laser_1_370865.615_370913.770_color.LiData			
\checkmark	laser_1_370922.125_370970.130_color.LiData			
\checkmark	laser_1_370978.680_371006.500_color.LiData			
Height ———				

7 System Transportation and Maintenance

7.1 Operation Notice

To ensure the reliable use of the system and the safety of the operation personnel, please observe the following notices during installation, use and maintenance.

- 1. Pay attention to the protection of the scanning lens to prevent scratches.
- Handle with care during installation to prevent the system from falling or being impacted.
- 3. Before scanning, please make sure the scanning lens is clean and dust-free.
- 4. Avoid sudden changes in temperature to prevent damage to the system.
- During the operation, it is forbidden to directly contact the laser scanning lens with any part of the body.
- 6. If the system needs to be transported, it must be stored within appropriate packages.
- 7. The operating temperature of the system is -20°C~50°C. In case of rain, snow, fog, sand and other bad weather, the operation should be stopped. It can prevent equipment damage and on the other hand, it can ensure the measurement accuracy. In case of sudden bad weather during work, please move the device to a safe place in time.
- When removing the OSDK communications cable and GNSS antenna feeder cable, hold the both ends of the connector. The removal should be gentle and appropriate.
- 9. Non-professionals, without permission, please do not try to disassemble the equipment, do not repair it without permission, so as to avoid accidents or aggravate the damage of the equipment. If the equipment is modified or disassembled not authorized by GreenValley International Inc., the warranty will

be void.

7.2 Equipment Maintenance

- 1. Before turning on the device, check whether the scanner lens is clean, if there are any stains, it should be cleaned immediately.
- 2. 2. After the equipment is used, check whether the scanning window of the scanner is dirty. If it is dirty, it should be cleaned up immediately.
- 3. Regular cleaning: Use special lens paper to gently wipe the laser scanning lens, and wipe from the inside to the outside in a circular manner.
- The storage temperature range of LiAir H800 is -30 °C ~+60 °C, and the storage environment requires ventilation and dryness.
- 5. Make sure that all power is turned off before storage, and the equipment is stored in an appropriate box.
- 6. If the storage time is more than one month, the power-on test should be carried out.
- During the transportation of LiAir H800, the packing box equipped at the factory should be used.
- 8. If it needs to be packed separately due to special circumstances, please ensure that the packing box has a certain pressure resistance, and label the outside of the box with signs such as "Precision Instrument", "Handle with Care", "Fragile", etc. to avoid equipment damage.
- 9. The instrument is a precision instrument, avoid violent impact during transportation and handling, and avoid damage to the optical components in the instrument or cause direction deviation.
- 10. During the warranty period, customers can enjoy free firmware update services. After the warranty period is expired, customers can purchase firmware update

services.